## SAFETY DATA SHEET



## 1. Identification of the material and supplier

**Names** 

Product name : Mortein Fast Knockdown Crawling Insect Killer

SDS no. : D8151006 v2.0L
Formulation # : FF8121306 v1.0
Supplier : AUSTRALIA

RB (Hygiene Home) Australia Pty Ltd

ABN: 58 629 549 506

680 George St, Sydney, NSW 2000

Tel: +61 (0)2 9857 2000

**NEW ZEALAND** 

RB (Hygiene Home) New Zealand Limited

Company number: 7097753 2 Fred Thomas Drive, Takapuna Auckland, New Zealand 0622

Tel: +64 9 484 1400

Emergency telephone number : (7am - 10pm business days EST Australia): +61 (02) 9857 2444

(9am - 12am business days New Zealand): (09) 839 0200

Poison Information contact: : Australia - 13 11 26

New Zealand - 0800 764 766 or 0800 POISON

Material uses : Household insecticide

Product use : Consumer

### Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : DANGER

Hazard statements : Extremely flammable aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container

or label at hand.

**Prevention**: Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Storage : Not applicable.

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### Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Not applicable.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

### Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	≥30 - ≤60	64742-48-9
Butane	≥30 - ≤60	106-97-8
propane	≤10	74-98-6
Cypermethrin	≤0.2	52315-07-8
Improthrin	<0.1	72963-72-5

#### Other Non-hazardous ingredients to 100%

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate

mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Firefighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and

prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Hazchem code : 2YE

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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### Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Do not store above the following temperature: 50°C (122°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Do not store above the following temperature

: 50 °C

### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

### **Control parameters**

#### **Australia**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Butane	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 1/2014). TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours.
propane	TRGS900 AGW (Germany, 12/2014).  TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.  PEAK: 7200 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  PEAK: 4000 ppm 15 minutes.

### **New Zealand**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
butane	NZ OSH (New Zealand, 2/2013). WES-TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.
alpha-cyano-3-phenoxybenzyl 3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2, 2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate cis/trans +/- 40/60	NZ OSH (New Zealand, 2/2013). Absorbed through skin. WES-TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as CN) 8 hours.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### **Skin protection**

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### Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

### **Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### **Respiratory protection**

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid. [Aerosol] : Colourless. Colour Odour : Citrus

: Not available. **Odour threshold** : Not available. pН **Melting point** : Not available. **Boiling point** : 0°C (32°F)

: Closed cup: -60°C (-76°F) [Butane] Flash point

**Evaporation rate** : Not available. Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not available. Vapour pressure Vapour density Not available. Relative density : 0.777 to 0.797

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Solubility in water : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available. **Viscosity** : Not available. Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Type of aerosol : Spray **Heat of combustion** : 22.76 kJ/g

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### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

**Incompatible materials** : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Mortein Crawling insect Killer Rapid Killl_FF8121306 (D8151006) ANZ	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5 mg/l	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-

### **Conclusion/Summary**

: \*Not classified Harmful. Information is based on toxicity test result of the concentrate of a similar product.

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Mortein Crawling insect Killer Rapid Killl_FF8121306 (D8151006) ANZ	Eyes - Non-irritating to the eyes.	Rabbit	0	-	-
	Skin - Irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-

### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin : Based on Calculation method: Irritating to skin.

Eyes : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Mortein Crawling insect Killer Rapid Killl_FF8121306 (D8151006) ANZ	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

### **Conclusion/Summary**

**Skin**: Based on Calculation method: May produce an allergic reaction.

**Respiratory**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Mutagenicity** 

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Teratogenicity** Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Not available.

**Information on likely routes**: Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Eye contact

: Harmful if inhaled. Inhalation

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Adverse symptoms may include the following: Skin contact

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** : Not available.

effects

: Not available. **Potential delayed effects** 

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General

: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity
Mutagenicity
Teratogenicity

**Fertility effects** 

No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

**Developmental effects** 

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (vapours)	16.25 mg/l

### **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Mortein Crawling insect Killer Rapid Killl_FF8121306 (D8151006) ANZ	Acute EC50 54.94 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchnerialla subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.14023 mg/l Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LD50 0.03249 mg/l Acute LD50 0.00232 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Poecilia reticulata Bees - Apis mellifera Bees - Apis mellifera	48 hours 96 hours 48 hours 48 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on Calculation method: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	high
Butane propane	2.89 1.09	-	low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

### 14. Transport information

Regulation	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
ADG	UN1950	AEROSOLS	2.1	-	FLAMMABLE	Hazchem code 2YE
						<u>Special provisions</u> 63, 190, 277, 327
IMDG	UN1950	AEROSOLS. Marine pollutant ( Cypermethrin , Imiprothrin)	2.1	-	<u>*</u>	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-D, S-U
					***************************************	<b>Special provisions</b> 63, 190, 277, 327, 959, 344
IATA	UN1950	Aerosols, flammable, Marine pollutant ( Cypermethrin , Imiprothrin)	2.1	-	2	See DG List.
					***************************************	

PG\*: Packing group

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

### Section 15. Regulatory information

Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

Schedule 5 (CAUTION)

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

Australia inventory (AICS) : Not applicable

Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority (APVMA) No. 69717

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### Section 16. Any other relevant information

**Key to abbreviations** : ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) NOHSC = National Occupational Health and Safety Commission SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons

**UN = United Nations** 

Date of issue / Date of

revision

: 27/07/2018

**Revision comments**: Update as per AUS GHS SDS.

Version : 2.0L

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	On basis of test data On basis of test data Calculation method On basis of test data Expert judgment

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

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